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112376

E6

00/BI

```
=> e glassy with(1) winged(1) leafhopper
E1
                   GLASSWS/BI
             1
E2
         56865
                   GLASSY/BI
E.3
             0 --> GLASSY WITH(1) WINGED(1) LEAFHOPPER/BI
E.4
                   GLASSYBOND/BI
             4
                   GLASSYC/BI
E.5
             1
             1 GLASSYCARBON/BI
1 GLASSYCHEM/BI
1 GLASSYCRYST/BI
1 GLASSYG/BI
E.6
Ε7
Ε8
            1
E9
            1
E10
            1
                  GLASSYIRON/BI
E11
            10
                  GLASSYLIKE/BI
E12
             1
                   GLASSYMATRIX/BI
=> e (glassy winged leafhopper)
**** START OF FIELD ****
Е3
             0 --> (GLASSY WINGED LEAFHOPPER)/BI
E4
              2
                    -0/BI
                   0/BI
E5
       5826335
```

E7	1	00-10-4/BI
E8	2	00-43-1/BI
E9	2	00-43-2/BI
E10	1	00-50-5/BI
E11	435381	000/BI
E12	1	000-20-5/BI

=> Methoprend

METHOPREND IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system. For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

```
=> e methoprene
E1
         1
                  METHOPRANE/BI
E2
            1
                 METHOPREN/BI
E3
         1332 --> METHOPRENE/BI
E4
                 METHOPRENES/BI
            1
E5
            2
                 METHOPRENIC/BI
               METHOPRENOL/BI
METHOPRETRYN/BI
            1
Ε6
E7
            1
           2
Ε8
                METHOPRIM/BI
E9
           1
                METHOPRO/BI
                 METHOPROLOL/BI
E10
           6
                 METHOPROMAZINE/BI
E11
           66
E12
           1
                 METHOPROPENYL/BI
=> s e3
         1332 METHOPRENE/BI
            1 METHOPRENES/BI
```

L11332 METHOPRENE/BI

((METHOPRENE OR METHOPRENES)/BI)

=> L1 and leafhopper

L1 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system. For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s l1 and leafhopper

1051 LEAFHOPPER

543 LEAFHOPPERS

1284 LEAFHOPPER

(LEAFHOPPER OR LEAFHOPPERS)

L2 1 L1 AND LEAFHOPPER

=> 11 and review

L1 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system. For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s 11 and review 2296318 REVIEW 75564 REVIEWS 2327515 REVIEW

(REVIEW OR REVIEWS)

L3 20 L1 AND REVIEW

=> d L1 1-20 ibib ab

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:208806 CAPLUS Full-text

TITLE: Picornaviruses from Solenopsis invicta for use

biological control agents for fire ants

INVENTOR(S): Valles, Steven M.; Pereira, Roberto M.; Hunter, Wayne

B.; Oi, David H.; Strong, Charles A.; Dang, Phat M.;

Williams, David F.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The United States of America as Represented by the

Secretary of Agriculture, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 41pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 7332176	B1	20080219	US 2005-239183	20050929
US 2008031856	A1	20080207	US 2007-780854	20070720
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2005-239183	A3 20050929

AB Unique Solenopsis invicta viruses (SINV) have been identified and their genome sequenced. Oligonucleotide primers have been developed using the isolated nucleic acid sequences of the SINV. The viruses are used as a biocontrol agent for control of fire ants. Methods of using the virus to infect S. invicta nests are described. Use of methoprene as a stressor increased the rate of killing of nests infected with the virus.

L1 ANSWER 2 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:182771 CAPLUS Full-text

TITLE: Insect breeding materials treated with juvenile

hormone-like compounds, and method for control of

small flies

INVENTOR(S): Yamane, Masahiro; Negishi, Tsutomu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Earth Chemical Co., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2008031050	A	20080214	JP 2006-203388	20060726
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2006-203388	20060726

AB Insect breeding materials such as feeds or beds, are treated with juvenile hormone-like compds. for control of small flies. Larvae of Drosophila melanogaster were placed on an insect feed gel containing 0.001% methoprene, and then were 100% controlled in the pupa stage. The insect feed gel containing 0.001% methoprene had no effect on imagos of beetles or stag beetles.

L1 ANSWER 3 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:164429 CAPLUS Full-text

TITLE: Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy for the study

of juvenile hormones - recombinant protein

interactions

AUTHOR(S): Stobiecka, Agata; Dvornyk, Anzhela; Grzelak, Krystyna;

Radecka, Hanna

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Animal Reproduction and Food Research,

Polish Academy of Sciences, Olsztyn, 10-747, Pol.

SOURCE: Frontiers in Bioscience (2008), 13, 2866-2874

CODEN: FRBIF6; ISSN: 1093-4715

URL: http://www.bioscience.org/asp/getfile.asp?FileNam

e=/2008/v13/af/2891/2891.pdf

PUBLISHER: Frontiers in Bioscience

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; (online computer file)

LANGUAGE: English

The interactions of recombinant juvenile hormone binding protein (His8-rJHBP) with juvenile hormones (JHs), methoprene and farnesol have been studied with electrochem. impedance spectroscopy (EIS). The protein was immobilized on the dodecanethiol (DDT) modified gold electrodes. Each step of electrode modification has been confirmed with cyclic voltammetry (CV) and electrochem. impedance spectroscopy (EIS). The conformation changes of His8-rJHBP upon JHs and methoprene binding have been presented. The EIS determined association consts. in the JHs analogs - immobilized His8-rJHBP system indicate that lack of the epoxide moiety in methoprene mol. is not critical for observed high affinity of this compound to the binding region of the His8-rJHBP protein.

REFERENCE COUNT: 50 THERE ARE 50 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 4 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:158502 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

TITLE: Overexpression of Methopsene-tolerant, a Drosophila

melanogaster gene that is critical for juvenile

hormone action and insecticide resistance

AUTHOR(S): Barry, Joshua; Wang, Shaoli; Wilson, Thomas G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Entomology, 400 Aronoff Laboratory, Ohio

State University, Columbus, OH, 43210, USA

SOURCE: Insect Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (2008),

38(3), 346-353

CODEN: IBMBES; ISSN: 0965-1748

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The Methoprene-tolerant (Met) gene of Drosophila melanogaster is involved in AB both juvenile hormone (JH) action and resistance to JH insecticides, such as methoprene. Although the consequences of Met mutations on development and methoprene resistance are known, no studies have examined Met + overexpression. Met + was overexpressed in transgenic lines with various promoters that drive overexpression to different levels. Flies expressing either genomic or cDNA Met + transgenes showed higher susceptibility to both the morphogenetic and toxic effects of methoprene, consistent with the hormone-binding property of MET. Both the sensitive period and lethal period were the same as seen for non-overexpressing Met + flies. However, continual exposure of high-overexpressing Met + larvae to borderline-toxic or higher methoprene doses advanced the sensitive period from prepupae to first instar and the lethal period from pharate adults to larvae and early pupae. When expression of transgenic UAS-Met + was driven to high levels by either an actin-GAL4 or tubulin-GAL4 promoter, larvae showed high mortality in the absence of methoprene, indicating that high MET titer is lethal, perhaps resulting from expression in an inappropriate tissue. Adults overexpressing Met + did not show enhanced oogenesis, ruling out MET as a limiting factor for this hormone-driven physiol.

L1 ANSWER 5 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:147142 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

TITLE: Pesticidal compositions comprising cymene and

pyrethrin or insect growth regulator

INVENTOR(S): Shah, Sujay Anil

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Livie Biopesticides Limited, UK

SOURCE: Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 36pp.

CODEN: BAXXDU

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND I	DATE	DATE	
GB 2440664 WO 2008015413		20080206 20080207	GB 2007-14827 WO 2007-GB2901	20070731 20070731
· ·		•	BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW	
CH, CN, CC	, CR, CU,	CZ, DE,	DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EF	E, EG, ES, FI,
GB, GD, GE	, GH, GM,	GT, HN,	HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS	3, JP, KE, KG,
KM, KN, KF	, KR, KZ,	LA, LC,	LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY	Y, MA, MD, ME,
MG, MK, MN	, MW, MX,	MY, MZ,	NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, ON	4, PG, PH, PL,
PT, RO, RS	, RU, SC,	SD, SE,	SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SX	7, TJ, TM, TN,
TR, TT, TZ	, UA, UG,	US, UZ,	VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW	
RW: AT, BE, BG	, CH, CY,	CZ, DE,	DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GH	3, GR, HU, IE,
IS, IT, LT	, LU, LV,	MC, MT,	NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI	[, SK, TR, BF,
BJ, CF, CG	, CI, CM,	GA, GN,	GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SM	I, TD, TG, BW,
GH, GM, KE	, LS, MW,	MZ, NA,	SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM	4, ZW, AM, AZ,
BY, KG, KZ	, MD, RU,	TJ, TM		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GB 2006-15473 A 20060803

A pesticidal compn. which comprises cymene and either a pyrethrin insecticide or an insect growth regulator. In particular the composition is formulated as an aerosol for killing or controlling pests, especially flying pests. cymene may be p-cymene. The pyrethrin insecticide may be a synthetic pyrethroid with knock-down activity, such as allethrin, bioallethrin, Sbioallethrin, bioresmethrin. kadethrin, resmethrin, tetramethrin, cypermethrin, deltamethrin, fenvalerate and permethrin. The insect growth regulator may be methoprene, pyriproxyfen. lufenuron, azadirachtin, diofenolan, fenoxycarb, hydroprene, kinoprene, tetrahydroazadirachtin, diflubenzuron or mixts. thereof. The composition may further comprise a potentiator, such as piperonyl butoxide or dill oil. An effective amount of the pesticidal composition is administered to control and/or eradicate pest infestations of animals, plants, and/or stored products; the composition may be used in human and veterinary medicine, in public health control and in agriculture for the control of pests. Thus, a 50:50 mixture of diflubenzuron (20 mg/L preparation) with 5.0% p-cymene produced better kill of mature cat fleas (Ctenocephalides felix) and deer ticks (Ixodes ricinus) in ≤ 3 days than did p-cymene alone.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 6 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:140488 CAPLUS Full-text

TITLE: Juvenile hormone analogs do not affect directly the

activity of the ecdysteroid receptor complex in insect

culture cell lines

AUTHOR(S): Soin, Thomas; Swevers, Luc; Mosallanejad, Hadi;

Efrose, Rodica; Labropoulou, Vassiliki; Iatrou,

Kostas; Smagghe, Guy

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Agrozoology, Department of Crop

Protection, Faculty of Bioscience Engineering, Ghent University, Coupure Links 653, Ghent, 9000, Belg. Journal of Insect Physiology (2008), 54(2), 429-438

CODEN: JIPHAF; ISSN: 0022-1910

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

SOURCE:

During insect development, ecdysteroids and juvenile hormones (JHs) interact to regulate larval growth, metamorphosis and reproduction but the mol. mechanisms by which both hormones influence each other's activity remain unknown. Because of their ease of use and straightforward genetic manipulation, insect cell lines often have been used to clarify the actions and interactions of hormones at the mol. level. Here we report on the use of two insect culture cell lines, Drosophila melanogaster S2 and Bombyx mori Bm5 cells, to investigate two mol. processes in which ecdysteroids and JH have been shown to interact: (1) direct modulation of the activity of the ecdysteroid receptor transcription complex and (2) interference at the level of induction of the primary gene E75. Our data do not support JH analogs (JHAs) acting through the above processes: antagonism' of ecdysteroid receptor activity by JHAs correlated with cytotoxicity and induction of E75 expression by JHAs was not demonstrated. However, we confirm previous studies in which it was observed that methopsees can partially reverse the growth inhibition by 20E in S2 cells (but not Bm5 cells). Therefore, the mol. mechanism by which both hormones influence each other's activity to regulate cell growth in S2 cells remains unknown.

L1 ANSWER 7 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:96469 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:185130

TITLE: Identification of species-specific or developmental

stage-specific insecticides using ecdysteroid hormone-potentiated ecdysone receptor and

Ultraspiracle proteins

INVENTOR(S): Henrich, Vincent C.; Weinberger, Cary Alan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 54pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 929,090. CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
US 2008020381	 A1	20080124	US 2006-543682	_	20061005
US 2005049230	A1	20050303	US 2004-929090		20040827
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-498847P	P	20030829
			US 2004-929090	A2	20040827
			US 2005-723724P	Ρ	20051005

Ecdysteroid action in Drosophila melanogaster and other insects is mediated by the dimerization of two nuclear receptors, the ecdysone receptor (EcR) and Ultraspiracle (USP), which regulate the transcription of target genes. EcR and USP isoforms are shown to exhibit species-specific responsiveness to ecdysteroids and juvenile hormones, and/or are expressed at specific developmental stages. Addnl., site-directed mutations K497E, A483T, and M504R effect isoform function of Drosophila EcR. Nucleic acid constructs are disclosed to identify insecticides having the ability to modify insect development and growth in a developmental stage-specific and/or species-

specific manner. The assay system may comprise 4 components: (1) a DNA construct that encodes a functional EcR, which may comprise a chimera with a mammalian glucocorticoid receptor trans-activation domain attached to an insect Ecr DNA-binding domain and hinge and ligand-binding domain; (2) mammalian cell co-transfection with a second expression plasmid comprising sequences that encode an insect USP; (3) an exogenous ecdysteroid such as muristerone A that may act to induce EcR dependent transcription; and finally, (4) a means to measure EcR-mediated transcription or farnesoid X receptor (FXR)-mediated transcription. The response of transfected cells to a compound that is able to increase Ecr/FXR-mediated transcription may be measured using a reporter plasmid bearing a EcR (or FXR) hormone-responsive element (HRE), optionally linked to a gene with a measurable gene product such as bacterial chloramphenicol acetyltransferase, luciferase, or green fluorescent protein. Potentiation of EcR is demonstrated by juvenoids, farnesol metabolites, juvenile hormone mimetics and agonists, monoterpenes, diterpenes, triterpenes, furocoumarins or phenylpropanoids, coumarins, flavanoids, linoleic acid metabolites, polyketides, xanthines, and man-made insecticides.

L1 ANSWER 8 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:93608 CAPLUS Full-text

TITLE: Hormonal mechanisms underlying termination of larval

diapause by juvenile hormone in the bamboo borer,

Omphisa fuscidentalis

AUTHOR(S): Singtripop, Tippawan; Manaboon, Manaporn; Tatun,

Nujira; Kaneko, Yu; Sakurai, Sho

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biology, Faculty of Science, Chiang Mai

University, Chiang Mai, 50200, Thailand

SOURCE: Journal of Insect Physiology (2008), 54(1), 137-145

CODEN: JIPHAF; ISSN: 0022-1910

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Topical application of methoprene, a juvenile hormone analog (JHA), induces pupation by activating the prothoracic glands (PGs) in diapausing larvae of the bamboo borer, Omphisa fuscidentalis. To determine the min. stimulation period for PG activation, we transplanted PGs of JHA-treated larvae (donors) into non-treated larvae (recipients) on successive days after JHA treatment and observed the recipients for pupation. JHA stimulation for 1 day was sufficient to induce pupation. In recipient larvae, the hemolymph ecdysteroid titer increased transiently on day 18 after transplantation and significantly on days 24-28, prior to pupation. Secretory activity of recipient PGs increased transiently on day 16 and days 22-28. Because the recipient PG activity was too low to account for an increased ecdysteroid titer, the JHAstimulated donor PGs must produce the major part of hemolymph ecdysteroids. In addition, the ecdysteroid produced by the donor PGs might have stimulated the recipient PGs. We examined the possible involvement of two ecdysone receptor (EcR) isoforms, OfEcR-A and OfEcR-B1, in PG activation by JHA, and found that although both isoforms were up-regulated, accompanied by an increased ecdysteroid titer in the hemolymph, the isoform mRNA levels were not altered at all before the increase in PG secretory activity. Thus, EcR expression might not be involved in feedback activation of PGs.

L1 ANSWER 9 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:84371 CAPLUS Full-text

TITLE:

Method development for the determination of selected pesticides on tobacco by high-performance liquid chromatography-electrospray ionisation-tandem mass spectrometry

AUTHOR(S): Mayer-Helm, Bernhard; Hofbauer, Ludwig; Mueller, Jutta

CORPORATE SOURCE: Gallaher Group Plc, R & D, Vienna, 1160, Austria

SOURCE: Talanta (2008), 74(5), 1184-1190 CODEN: TLNTA2; ISSN: 0039-9140

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AΒ A method was developed for the quant. detn. of alachlor, benalaxyl, clomazone, diflubenzuron, dimethomorph, diphenamid, ethofumesate, metalaxyl, methoprene, metobromuron and piperonyl butoxide on tobacco. The pesticides were extracted with water and methanol from five different types of tobacco. The exts. were purified by partition on an extraction cartridge containing diatomaceous earth. The purified exts. were analyzed by reversed-phase high-performance liquid chromatog. connected to an atmospheric pressure ionisationelectrospray-triple quadrupole mass spectrometer operating in the pos. ion mode. Two different transitions and their relative intensities were monitored for unambiguous identification. All pesticides presented overall recovery rates between 35% and 110%. The trueness is near 100% and the interday precision is below 15%. The limits of quantifications are equal or below the guidance residue levels proposed by the Agrochem. Advisory Committee of CORESTA, an association of organisations having scientific research relative to tobacco.

L1 ANSWER 10 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1450486 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

TITLE: Identification and Characterization of a Juvenile

Hormone Response Element and Its Binding Proteins

AUTHOR(S): Li, Yiping; Zhang, Zhaolin; Robinson, Gene E.; Palli,

Subba R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Entomology, University of Kentucky,

Lexington, KY, 40546, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (2007), 282(52),

37605-37617

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Juvenile hormones (JH) regulate a wide variety of developmental and physiol. AΒ processes in insects. Comparison of microarray data on JH-induced genes in the fruit fly, Drosophila melanogaster, L57 cells and in the honey bee, Apis mellifera, identified 16 genes that are induced in both species. Anal. of promoter regions of these 16 D. melanogaster genes identified DmJHRE1 (D. melanogaster JH response element 1). In L57 cells, the reporter gene regulated by DmJHRE1 was induced by JH III. Two proteins (FKBP39 and Chd64) that bind to DmJHRE1 were identified. FKBP39 and Chd64 double-stranded RNA inhibited JH III induction of a reporter gene regulated by DmJHRE1. FKBP39 and Chd64 proteins expressed in yeast bound to DmJHRE1. Two-hybrid and pulldown assays showed that these two proteins interact with each other as well as with ecdysone receptor, ultraspiracle, and methoprene-tolerant protein. Developmental expression profiles and JH induction of mRNA for FKBP39 and Chd64 proteins and their interaction with proteins known to be involved in both JH (methogrene-tolerant protein) and ecdysteroid action (ecdysone receptor and ultraspiracle) suggest that these proteins probably play important roles in cross-talk between JH and ecdysteroids.

TITLE: Efficacy of a topically applied spot-on formulation of

> a novel insecticide, metaflumizone, applied to cats against a flea strain (KS1) with documented reduced

susceptibility to various insecticides

Dryden, Michael; Payne, Patricia; Lowe, Amy; Mailen, AUTHOR(S):

Sara; Smith, Vicki; Rugg, Douglas

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Diagnostic Medicine/Pathobiology,

College of Veterinary Medicine, Kansas State

University, Manhattan, KS, 66503

SOURCE: Veterinary Parasitology (2008), 151(1), 74-79

CODEN: VPARDI; ISSN: 0304-4017

Elsevier B.V. PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

A spot-on metaflumizone formulation was evaluated in adult domestic short hair AΒ cats to determine its adultidical efficacy against a flea strain that has reduced susceptibility to a number of insecticides. Eight cats served as nontreated controls, eight cats were treated with a metaflumizone formulation at 0.2 mL/kg (40 mg metaflumizone/kg) and eight cats were treated with fipronil 10% w/v-(s)-methoprene 12% w/v at 0.075 mL/kg (7.5-7.7 mg fipronil/kg:9.0-9.2 mg (s)-methoprene/kg). On days -1, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, and 42 each cat was infested with approx. 100 unfed KS1 cat fleas, Ctenocephalides felis. At approx. 48 h after treatment or infestation, each cat was combed to remove and count live fleas. Treatment with metaflumizone provided ≥99.3% efficacy for 3 wk post-treatment and then 97.4, 91.4 and 86.2% efficacy at 4, 5 and 6 wk post-treatment, resp. Fipronil-(s)-methoprene provided 99.6% efficacy at 1 wk post-treatment and then 97.6, 96.4, 71.3, 22.0 and 13.1% efficacy at weeks 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, resp. The redns. in flea nos. were significantly greater for the metaflumizone treatment than for fipronil-(s)-methopxene from 3 to 6 wk after treatment.

ANSWER 12 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN T.1 2007:1418596 CAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:185082

TITLE: Effect of the juvenile hormone analogue methoprene

> on multiplication of Spodoptera litura nucleopolyhedrovirus in the host hemolymph

Liu, Yong-Ping; Wang, Fang-Hai; Su, Zhi-Jian; Li, AUTHOR(S):

Guang-Hong; Pang, Yi

Institute of Entomology, State Key Laboratory of CORPORATE SOURCE:

Biocontrol, Sun Yat-Sen University, Guangzhou, 510275,

Peop. Rep. China

Kunchong Xuebao (2007), 50(4), 343-348SOURCE:

CODEN: KCHPA2; ISSN: 0454-6296

PUBLISHER: Kunchong Xuebao Bianjibu

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Chinese

Juvenile hormone analogs (JHA) can promote multiplication of Spodoptera litura AΒ nucleopolyhedrovirus (SpltNPV). The effect of methoprene on synthesis of polyhedrin in the hemolymph of the 6th instar larvae of the host S. litura was studied by using SDS-PAGE and immunoblot methods. The synthesis of polyhedrin in the host hemolymph was promoted in 2-3 days post treatment. The effect of methoprene on replication of SpltNPV-polh in hemolymph of the 6th instar larvae was investigated by real-time quant. PCR. Thus, replication of SpltNPV-polh was promoted significantly from the 4th day to the 5th day post methoprene treatment, during which polh copies increased to 1.22×1010 copy/mL.

L1 ANSWER 13 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1326233 CAPLUS Full-text

TITLE: Confirmation of the efficacy of a novel formulation of

metaflumizone plus amitraz for the treatment and

control of fleas and ticks on dogs

AUTHOR(S): Rugg, D.; Hair, J. A.; Everett, R. E.; Cunningham, J.

R.; Carter, L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fort Dodge Animal Health, Princeton, NJ, 08543, USA

SOURCE: Veterinary Parasitology (2007), 150(3), 209-218

A novel spot-on formulation contg. metaflumizone plus amitraz

CODEN: VPARDI; ISSN: 0304-4017

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

(ProMeris/ProMeris Duo for Dogs, Fort Dodge Animal Health, Overland Park, KS) was evaluated in four laboratory studies to confirm efficacy against fleas and ticks on dogs for 1 mo. Three different strains of cat flea (Ctenocephalides felis felis) and four tick species were used. Rhipicephalus sanguineus and Dermacentor variabilis were evaluated concurrently in two studies and Ixodes scapularis and Amblyomma americanum in one study each. In all studies, dogs were randomly allocated to treatment groups and compared with nontreated dogs. One study also included a placebo treatment and a com. product containing fipronil plus S-methoprene. All treatments were applied to the skin at a single spot between the scapulae on Day 0. Dogs were infested with fleas and/or ticks prior to treatment and then reinfested at weekly intervals for 6 wk after treatment and evaluated for efficacy at 1 or 2 days after treatment and each reinfestation. These studies confirmed that treatment with ProMeris

for Dogs at the proposed com. dose rate rapidly controlled existing

infestations of fleas and ticks on dogs. Treatment provided control of reinfesting fleas for up to 6 wk and at least 4 wk control of ticks. Efficacy was confirmed in a variety of dog breeds against three different flea strains and four common species of ticks found on dogs in the United States.

L1 ANSWER 14 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1320497 CAPLUS Full-text

TITLE: Impact of resistance on the efficacy of binary

combinations of spinosad, chlorpyrifos-methyl and

s-methoprene against five stored-grain beetles

AUTHOR(S): Daglish, Gregory J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries,

Indooroopilly, 4068, Australia

SOURCE: Journal of Stored Products Research (2007), Volume

Date 2008, 44(1), 71-76

CODEN: JSTPAR; ISSN: 0022-474X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Lab. expts. were conducted to det. the efficacy of spinosad (a biopesticide), chlorpyrifos-Me (an organophosphorus compound (OP)) and s-methoprene (a juvenile hormone analog) applied alone and in binary combinations against five stored-grain beetles in wheat. There were three strains of Rhyzopertha dominica, and one strain each of Sitophilus oryzae, Tribolium castaneum, Oryzaephilus surinamensis and Cryptolestes ferrugineus. These strains were chosen to represent a range of possible resistant genotypes, exhibiting resistance to organophosphates, pyrethroids or methoprene. Treatments were applied at rates that are registered or likely to be registered in Australia. Adults were exposed to freshly treated wheat for 2 wk, and the effects of treatments on mortality and reproduction were determined No single protectant or protectant combination controlled all insect strains, based on the

criterion of >99% reduction in the number of live F1 adults relative to the control. The most effective combinations were spinosad at 1 mg kg-1+chlorpyrifos-Me at 10 mg kg-1 which controlled all strains except for OP-resistant O. surinamensis, and chlorpyrifos-Me at 10 mg kg-1+s-methoprene at 0.6 mg kg-1 which controlled all strains except for methoprene-resistant R. dominica. The results of this study demonstrate the difficulty in Australia, and potentially other countries which use protectants, of finding protectant treatments to control a broad range of pest species in the face of resistance development.

L1 ANSWER 15 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1259915 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:117292

TITLE: High temperature and hexane break pupal diapause in

the flesh fly, Sarcophaga crassipalpis, by activating

ERK/MAPK

AUTHOR(S): Fujiwara, Yoshihiro; Denlinger, David L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Entomology, Ohio State University,

Columbus, OH, 43210, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Insect Physiology (2007), 53(12), 1276-1282

CODEN: JIPHAF; ISSN: 0022-1910

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Pupal diapause in the flesh fly, Sarcophaga crassipalpis, can be terminated by AΒ exposure to high temps. or, artificially, with a topical application of organic solvents. To analyze the mol. mechanisms involved in diapause termination the authors explored the possibility that the mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPK) are involved in this response. Levels of phospho-ERK increased within 10 min after hexane application. Extracellular signalregulated kinase (ERK) was also activated when pupae were transferred from 20 to 25°, thus suggesting that ERK activation is a likely component of the signal transduction pathway used to initiate development in response to diapause-terminating signals. 20-Hydroxyecdysone and cGMP terminate diapause in this fly, and the juvenile hormone analog methoprene shortens the diapause, but none of these agents activated ERK. ERK was readily activated in isolated abdomens treated with hexane, thus the authors conclude that ERK is directly activated by the hexane treatment. ERK activation was evident in the brain, epidermis, midgut and fat body, but not in the ventral nerve mass or ring gland, thus suggesting that ERK does not act directly on the ring gland to promote ecdysteroid synthesis but exerts its effect through stimulation of the brain.

L1 ANSWER 16 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1256175 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:94172

TITLE: Evaluation of action mechanisms of toxic chemicals

using JFCR39, a panel of human cancer cell lines

AUTHOR(S): Nakatsu, Noriyuki; Nakamura, Tomoki; Yamazaki, Kanami;

Sadahiro, Soutaro; Makuuchi, Hiroyasu; Kanno, Jun;

Yamori, Takao

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Molecular Pharmacology, Cancer

Chemotherapy Center, Japanese Foundation for Cancer

Research, Koto-ku, Tokyo, Japan

SOURCE: Molecular Pharmacology (2007), 72(5), 1171-1180

CODEN: MOPMA3; ISSN: 0026-895X

PUBLISHER: American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental

Therapeutics

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The authors previously established a panel of human cancer cell lines, JFCR39, coupled to an anticancer drug activity database; this panel is comparable with the NCI60 panel developed by the National Cancer Institute. The JFCR39 system can be used to predict the mol. targets or evaluate the action mechanisms of the test compds. by comparing their cell growth inhibition profiles (i.e., fingerprints) with those of the standard anticancer drugs using the COMPARE program. In this study, the authors used this drug activity database-coupled JFCR39 system to evaluate the action mechanisms of various chemical compds., including toxic chems., agricultural chems., drugs, and synthetic intermediates. Fingerprints of 130 chems. were determined and stored in the database. Sixty-nine of 130 chems. (.apprx.60%) satisfied the authors' criteria for the further anal. and were classified by cluster anal. of the fingerprints of these chems. and several standard anticancer drugs into the following three clusters: (1) anticancer drugs, (2) chems. that shared similar action mechanisms (for example, ouabain and digoxin), and (3) chems. whose action mechanisms were unknown. These results suggested that chems. belonging to a cluster (i.e., a cluster of toxic chems., a cluster of anticancer drugs, etc.) shared similar action mechanism. In summary, the JFCR39 system can classify chems. based on their fingerprints, even when their action mechanisms are unknown, and it is highly probable that the chems. within a cluster share common action mechanisms.

REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 17 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1237031 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:463446

TITLE: Synergistic pesticidal compositions comprising

malonodinitrile derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Langewald, Juergen; Cotter, Henry Van Tuyl;

Culbertson, Deborah L.; Oloumi-Sadeghi, Hassan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BASF Aktiengesellschaft, Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 44pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA.	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	.OV		D	ATE	
	2007 2007				A2 A3		2007 2008		,	WO 2	007-	EP53	791		2	0070	418
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				•			MΖ, ΤJ,					•	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,
PRIORIT		LN.	INFO	.:		·	·			US 2			55P		P 2	0060	420

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 147:463446

AΒ Synergistic pesticidal compns. comprise a malonodinitrile deriv., selected from (a) 2-(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5- octafluoropentyl) -2-(3,3,3trifluoropropyl)malononitrile, 2-(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7dodecafluorohepty1)-2-(3,3,3-trifluoropropy1) malononitrile, 2-(3,4,4,4-1)tetrafluoro-3- trifluoromethylbutyl)-2-(3,3,3- trifluoropropyl)malononitrile, 2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6- nonafluorohexyl)-2- (3,3,3trifluoropropyl)malononitrile, 2,2-bis-(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5octafluoropentyl) malononitrile, 2-(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,5-nonafluoropentyl)-2-(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl) malononitrile, 2-(2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluorobutyl)-2-(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5-octafluoropentyl) malononitrile or 2-(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5octafluoro pentyl)-2-(2,2,3,3,3-pentafluor- propyl)malononitrile and (b) one or more compds. selected from organo(thio) phosphates, carbamates, pyrethroids, growth regulators, nicotinic receptor agonists/antagonists, GABA antagonists, macrocyclic lactone insecticides, METI I acaricides or METI II and III compound The compns. are insecticides, acaricides, nematocides and parasiticides.

ANSWER 18 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN 2007:1236469 CAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:481488

Preparation of pyrazoline derivative acaricides and TITLE:

insecticides

INVENTOR(S): McCann, Stephen Frederick; Smith, Brenton Todd

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company, USA

PCT Int. Appl., 111pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

P	ATENT				KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE	
	0 2007		55		A2		2007			WO 2	007-	JS91	84		2	0070	413
W	0 2007	1238	55		A 3		2008	0110									
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		CH,	CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,
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		KN,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LA,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LY,	MA,	MD,	ME,	MG,
		MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MY,	MZ,	NA,	NG,	NΙ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,
		RO,	RS,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SV,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,
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		IS,	ΙΤ,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	MT,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,
		ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG,	BW,
		GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,
		BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AP,	EA,	EP,	OA					
PRIORI	TY APP	LN.	INFO	.:						US 2	006-	7935	76P		P 2	0060	420
OTHER	SOURCE	(S):			MAR:	PAT	147:	4814	88								

The pyrazoline derivs. I [Z = N or CR2; R1 = cyano, (un) substituted alkyl,alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl or cycloalkylalkyl; R2 = H, halo, (halo)alkyl, (halo)lkoxy, etc.; R3 = H, cyano, CHO, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; Q = (un) substituted 5- or 6-membered saturated or unsatd. heterocyclyl, etc.; A1 = CR4 or N; A2 = CR5 or N; A3 = CR6 or N; A4 = CR7 or N; R4-7 = H, halo, (halo)lkyl, (halo)cycloalkyl, etc.; n = 1-4] as well as I isomers, Noxides and salts are prepared as acaricides and insecticides.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1234739 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:463432

TITLE: Compositions for improving crop health

INVENTOR(S): Freund, Annette

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Basf A.-G., Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 67pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

P	ATENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE				ICAT					ATE	
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		GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,
		BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM									
E	P 1849	364			A1		2007	1031		EP 2	006-	1131	66		2	0060	426
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
		IS,	ΙT,	LI,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	AL,
		BA,	HR,	MK,	YU												
PRIORI	TY APE	LN.	INFO	.:						EP 2	006-	1131	66		A 2	0060	426

AB Compns. for improving crop health comprise a glucan, a glucan deriv. or a seaweed extract in combination with any of a very large number of known pesticides.

L1 ANSWER 20 OF 1332 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1147001 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:47496

TITLE: Efficacy of a granule formulation of the insect growth

regulator, S-methoprene, against salt-marsh

mosquitoes in Florida

AUTHOR(S): Qualls, Whitney A.; Xue, Rui-De

CORPORATE SOURCE: Anastasia Mosquito Control District, St. Augustine,

FL, 32080, USA

SOURCE: Journal of the American Mosquito Control Association

(2007), 23(3), 363-365

CODEN: JAMAET; ISSN: 8756-971X

PUBLISHER: American Mosquito Control Association, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Three field trials were conducted at Guana River State Park, Florida to evaluate the effectiveness of the granule formulation of methoprene, Altosid XR-G, against salt-marsh mosquitoes. Three applications of Altosid XR-G (1.5% S-methoprene) were made at application rates of 9.0, 4.5, and 2.3 kg/ha. Pupae were collected from control and treated sites after inundation. Under field conditions, Altosid XR-G gave 44.6% control at 67 days posttreatment at Site 1 (9.0 kg/ha), 43.7% control at 67 days posttreatment at Site 2 (4.5 kg/ha), and 38% control at 53 days posttreatment at Site 3 (2.3 kg/ha). All

treatments taken together achieved an adjusted 10-wk cumulative mosquito emergence inhibition of 69%. Collections were composed of Ochlerotatus sollicitans 68%, O. taeniorhynchus 27%, and Psorophora columbiae 5%.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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=> s glassy adj winged adj sharpshooter
          56865 GLASSY
             285 ADJ
            1943 WINGED
             285 ADJ
              53 SHARPSHOOTER
              19 SHARPSHOOTERS
              61 SHARPSHOOTER
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NEWS 7 DEC 04 LINPADOCDB now available on STN
NEWS 8 DEC 14 BEILSTEIN pricing structure to change
NEWS 9 DEC 17 USPATOLD added to additional database clusters
NEWS 10 DEC 17 IMSDRUGCONF removed from database clusters and STN
NEWS 11 DEC 17 DGENE now includes more than 10 million sequences
NEWS 12 DEC 17 TOXCENTER enhanced with 2008 MeSH vocabulary in
                 MEDLINE segment
NEWS 13 DEC 17 MEDLINE and LMEDLINE updated with 2008 MeSH vocabulary
NEWS 14 DEC 17 CA/CAplus enhanced with new custom IPC display formats
NEWS 15 DEC 17 STN Viewer enhanced with full-text patent content
                 from USPATOLD
NEWS 16 JAN 02 STN pricing information for 2008 now available
NEWS 17 JAN 16 CAS patent coverage enhanced to include exemplified
                 prophetic substances
NEWS 18 JAN 28 USPATFULL, USPAT2, and USPATOLD enhanced with new
                 custom IPC display formats
NEWS 19 JAN 28 MARPAT searching enhanced
NEWS 20 JAN 28 USGENE now provides USPTO sequence data within 3 days
                 of publication
NEWS 21 JAN 28 TOXCENTER enhanced with reloaded MEDLINE segment
NEWS 22 JAN 28 MEDLINE and LMEDLINE reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 23 FEB 08 STN Express, Version 8.3, now available
NEWS 24 FEB 20 PCI now available as a replacement to DPCI
NEWS 25 FEB 25 IFIREF reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 26 FEB 25 IMSPRODUCT reloaded with enhancements
NEWS EXPRESS FEBRUARY 08 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.3,
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E2	21		METHOPR/BI
E3	21	>	METHOPRENE/BI
E4	113		METHOPRIM/BI
E5	1		METHOPRIMSULFA/BI
E6	6		METHOPROM/BI
E7	6		METHOPROMAZIN/BI
E8	6		METHOPROMAZINE/BI
E9	1		METHOPROPTR/BI
E10	1		METHOPROPTRYNE/BI
E11	2		METHOPROTR/BI
E12	2		METHOPROTRYN/BI
=> s	e3		
L1	21	METI	HOPRENE/BI

=> d 11

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 21 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN RN 947227-10-3 REGISTRY

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Entered STN: 14 Sep 2007
ED
   Protein (Tribolium castaneum gene Met) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN GenBank ABR25244
    GenBank ABR25244 (Translated from: GenBank EF468474)
CN
    Methoprene-tolerant protein (Tribolium castaneum gene Met)
CN
FS
    PROTEIN SEQUENCE
MF
    Unspecified
CI
    MAN
SR
    GenBank
    STN Files: CA, CAPLUS
LC
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
*** USE 'SQD' OR 'SQIDE' FORMATS TO DISPLAY SEQUENCE ***
              1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
              1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
=> file CA Caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
                                                SINCE FILE
                                                               TOTAL
                                                    ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
                                                      8.07
                                                               8.28
FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:44:40 ON 28 FEB 2008
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)
FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:44:40 ON 28 FEB 2008
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)
=> s 11
        2981 L1
L2.
=> s l1 and (glassy winged sharpshooter)
            2 L1 AND (GLASSY WINGED SHARPSHOOTER)
1.3
=> d L3
    ANSWER 1 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
L3
    144:102390 CA Full-text
    Juvenile hormone analogs for control of leafhoppers and treehoppers
IN
    Mizell, Russell F., III; Andersen, Peter C.
    University of Florida Research Foundation, Inc., USA
PΑ
    PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
                  KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                        ____
                               _____
    WO 2006004982 A1 20060112
                                        WO 2005-US23426 20050629
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ZA, ZM, ZW
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            IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF,
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    BR 2005008545 A
                            20070814
                                        BR 2005-8545
                                                               20050629
                       A1 20070927
                                        US 2007-589015
    US 2007225338
                                                               20070504
                       Р
PRAI US 2004-584377P
                             20040629
                           20050629
                    W
    WO 2005-US23426
RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
=> d L3 2
    ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
    2006:31876 CAPLUS Full-text
ΑN
DN
    144:102390
    Juvenile hormone analogs for control of leafhoppers and treehoppers
ΤI
    Mizell, Russell F., III; Andersen, Peter C.
ΙN
    University of Florida Research Foundation, Inc., USA
PA
    PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
    Patent
DT
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE
                                     APPLICATION NO.
    WO 2006004982 A1
    PATENT NO.
                                                          DATE
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                             20060112 WO 2005-US23426
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    US 2007225338
                       A1
                              20070927
                                        US 2007-589015
                                                               20070504
PRAI US 2004-584377P
                       Ρ
                             20040629
                       W
    WO 2005-US23426
                             20050629
RE.CNT 34
            THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
=> 12 and leafhoppers
L2 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
```

For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s 12 and leafhoppers 2 L2 AND LEAFHOPPERS

```
2 LEAFHOPER/BI
78 LEAFHOPPER/BI
E1
E2
         2078
Е3
         1070 --> LEAFHOPPERS/BI
           1
                LEAFHOPPPERS/BI
E.4
E5
           14
                  LEAFIER/BI
Ε6
            4
                  LEAFIEST/BI
           4
E7
                 LEAFIETS/BI
           2
E8
                LEAFIL/BI
          85 LEAFINESS/BI
980 LEAFING/BI
2 LEAFININER/BI
E10
E11
           6
                 LEAFLASH/BI
E12
=> s e3
         1070 LEAFHOPPERS/BI
=> s 11 and 15
           2 L1 AND L5
=> s 15 and (Juvenile Harmone analogs)
            0 L5 AND (JUVENILE HARMONE ANALOGS)
=> s L5 and (Juvenile Hormone analog)
          10 L5 AND (JUVENILE HORMONE ANALOG)
1.8
=> dup rem
ENTER L# LIST OR (END):L8
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L8
             5 DUP REM L8 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> d 19 1-5 ibib ab
   ANSWER 1 OF 5 CA COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
                                                    DUPLICATE 1
ACCESSION NUMBER: 144:102390 CA Full-text
                        Juvenile hormone analogs for control of
TITLE:
                        leafhoppers and treehoppers
                       Mizell, Russell F., III; Andersen, Peter C.
INVENTOR(S):
                       University of Florida Research Foundation, Inc., USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                    KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                                                                DATE
    _____
                              _____
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                       ____
                                          WO 2005-US23426
    WO 2006004982
                        A1 20060112
                                                                20050629
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            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ,
            LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA,
            NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK,
            SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,
            ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
            IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF,
            CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM,
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KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG,

KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

BR 2005008545 Α 20070814 BR 2005-8545 20050629 US 2007225338 A1 20070927 US 2007-589015 20070504 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-584377P P 20040629 WO 2005-US23426 W 20050629

Treehopper and leafhopper pests, such as the glassy-winged sharpshooter AB (GWSS), are controlled, while conserving their parasites (such as parasitoid wasps), by applying a juvenile hormone analog such as methoprene, kinoprene, and hydropene to the pest or pest-inhabited locus. An addnl. pesticide may be applied, and compns. may comprise the juvenile hormone analogs and a pesticidally acceptable carrier. Thus, female Homalodisca coagulata in diapause were sprayed until visibly wet with an aqueous methoprene solution and were then placed in a screened cage with males and glabrous soybean. The treated females remained reproductively inactive for ≥30 days in summer conditions (32°, 14:10 light:dark photoperiod), whereas control females began ovipositing after 10 days.

REFERENCE COUNT: 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 5 CA COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2 L9

ACCESSION NUMBER: 116:17127 CA Full-text

TITLE: Effects of insect juvenile hormone active NC-170 on

metamorphosis, oviposition and embryogenesis in

leafhoppers

Miyake, Toshiro; Haruyama, Hiroshi; Ogura, Tomoyuki; AUTHOR(S):

Mitsui, Takashi; Sakurai, Akira

Inst. Phys. Chem. Res., Wako, 351-01, Japan CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

Nippon Noyaku Gakkaishi (1991), 16(3), 441-8

CODEN: NNGADV; ISSN: 0385-1559

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The activity of a new juvenile hormone analog, NC-170 [4-chloro-5-(6-chloro-3pyridylmethoxy)-2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-pyridazin- 3(2H)-one], was evaluated on 4 species of leafhoppers, Nephotettix cincticeps, N. nigropictus, N. virescens and Recilia dorsalis. When NC-170 was topically applied to mid-penultimate larvae, their metamorphosis was strongly inhibited. The compound with the LD50's of $5.2 \times 10-11$ to $3.7 \times 10-12$ g/larva was 10 to 30 times as active as natural JH-1. The critical period of the morphogenetic activity was limited in a 24 h span before and after the 4th larval molt. The affected insects did not develop into normal adults, but into supernumerary larvae (SL1). About 5 days later, the SL1 could not complete the molt into supernumerary larvae (SL2) and subsequently died. NC-170 showed good sterilant effects. When newly emerged female N. cincticeps adults were continuously exposed to NC-170, the hatchability of oviposited eggs was severely reduced, even at a concentration of 4ppm. In a field trial, NC-170 showed good foliar persistency in paddy fields and single spray treatment with 100ppm NC-170 considerably suppressed the population d. of N. cincticeps for >6 wk.

ANSWER 3 OF 5 CA COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

110:168043 CA Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

NC-170, a new compound inhibiting the development of TITLE:

leafhoppers and planthoppers

AUTHOR(S): Miyake, T.; Kudo, M.; Umehara, T.; Hirata, K.;

Kawamura, Y.; Ogura, T.

Shiraoka Res. Stn. Biol. Sci., Nissan Chem. Ind. Ltd., CORPORATE SOURCE:

Saitama, Japan

Brighton Crop Protection Conference--Pests and SOURCE:

> Diseases (1988), (2), 535-42 CODEN: BCPDED; ISSN: 0955-1506

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB NC-170 (I) exhibits juvenile hormone (JH)-like activity and inhibits metamorphosis selectively against leafhoppers and planthoppers. Residues <1 mg/L inhibit insect development. Affected insects cannot complete their nymph to adult or ensuing first to second intermediate ecdysis, and subsequently die. Furthermore, this activity remains high for >40 days when NC-170 is sprayed on potted rice plants at 50 mg/L aqueous solution Thus, NC-170 may be of practical use against these important pests of paddy fields. NC-170 also has physiol. effects on pigment synthesis, reproduction, embryogenesis, diapause, and polymorphism.

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CA COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 88:131996 CA Full-text

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 88:20687a,20690a

TITLE: Effect of a juvenile hormone analog on the

development of green rice leafhoppers Nephotettix

impicticeps Ish

AUTHOR(S): Babu, T. H. CORPORATE SOURCE: Australia

SOURCE: Dokl. Soobshch. - Mezhdunar. Kongr. Zashch. Rast., 8th

(1975), Volume 5, 21-8. Orgkom. VIII Mezhdunar.

Kongr. Zashch. Rast.: Moscow, USSR.

CODEN: 37MVAB
Conference

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conferenc LANGUAGE: Russian

AB Spraying eggs of the green rice leafhopper with 0.125% ZR 777 [37882-31-8] in vitro was 100% lethal. Ovicidal LC50 of ZR 777 was 0.0312%. Nymphae feeding on rice leaves sprayed with 0.0625% ZR 777 showed development of intermediate forms and addnl. nymphal instars. The morphogenetic effect of ZR 777 persisted for 2 wk after the spray.

L9 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CA COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER: 84:160617 CA Full-text

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 84:26055a,26058a

TITLE: Juvenile hormones as insecticides

INVENTOR(S): Matsui, Masanao; Mori, Kenji; Ozawa, Yoichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 49092225	A	19740903	JP 1973-1838	19721229
JP 52046284	В	19771124		
			1000 1000	10501000

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1973-1838 A 19721229

AB Juvenile hormones I or II (R' = (C2-5 alkyl; R2 = H or C1-3 alkyl; R3 = H or C1-2 alkyl) are insecticides. Thus, 2000 ppm 7,8-epoxy-4,8-dimethyl-1- (p-ethylphenoxy)-3-undecene [53197-42-5] completely controlled the smaller brown leafhoppers on rice within 24 hr.

```
=> e sharpshooters
   1 SHARPSCONTAINER/BI
94 SHARPSHOOTER/BI
E2
Е3
            33 --> SHARPSHOOTERS/BI
           SHARPSHOOTERS/BI
SHARPSHOOTING/BI
SHARPSNOUT/BI
SHARPSTONE/BI
SHARPSVILLE/BI
SHARPTASTING/BI
SHARPTON/BI
SHARPTOOTH/BI
SHARPTOOTHED/BI
SHARPTOWN/BI
E4
E5
Ε6
E7
E8
E9
E10
E11
E12
=> s e3
L10
            33 SHARPSHOOTERS/BI
=> s 110 and (juvenile hormone analogs)
           0 L10 AND (JUVENILE HORMONE ANALOGS)
=> d his
      (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:43:19 ON 28 FEB 2008)
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:43:25 ON 28 FEB 2008
                 E METHOPRENE
              21 S E3
L1
     FILE 'CA, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:44:40 ON 28 FEB 2008
L2
            2981 S L1
L3
               2 S L1 AND (GLASSY WINGED SHARPSHOOTER)
L4
                2 S L2 AND LEAFHOPPERS
                 E LEAFHOPPERS
            1070 S E3
L5
               2 S L1 AND L5
L6
L7
               0 S L5 AND (JUVENILE HARMONE ANALOGS)
L8
              10 S L5 AND (JUVENILE HORMONE ANALOG)
L9
               5 DUP REM L8 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
                 E SHARPSHOOTERS
              33 S E3
L10
L11
               0 S L10 AND (JUVENILE HORMONE ANALOGS)
=> 15 and methoprene
L5 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).
=> s 15 and methoprene
L12
             2 L5 AND METHOPRENE
=> s 15 and (kinoprene or hydropene)
              2 L5 AND (KINOPRENE OR HYDROPENE)
L13
=> s 15 and diapause
L14
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=> dup rem
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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L14
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=> d 115 1-3 ibib ab

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CA COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 144:102390 CA Full-text

TITLE: Juvenile hormone analogs for control of leafhoppers

and treehoppers

INVENTOR(S): Mizell, Russell F., III; Andersen, Peter C.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Florida Research Foundation, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

E	PATENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE		APPLICATION NO.					DATE			
V	√O 2006	0049	82		A1	_	2006	0112		WO 2	005-	 US23	 426		2	0050	629
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		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KM,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,
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		SL,	SM,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,
		ZA,	ZM,	ZW													
	RW:	AT,	BE,	ВG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
		IS,	ΙT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,
		CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,	GM,
		ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,
		KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM											
E	BR 2005	0085	45		Α		2007	0814		BR 2	005-	8545			2	0050	629
J	JS 2007	2253.	38		A1		2007	0927		US 2	007-	5890	15		2	0070	504
PRIORI	ITY APP	LN.	INFO	.:						US 2	004-	5843	77P		P 2	0040	629
										WO 2	005-	US23	426	1	W 2	0050	629

Treehopper and leafhopper pests, such as the glassy-winged sharpshooter (GWSS), are controlled, while conserving their parasites (such as parasitoid wasps), by applying a juvenile hormone analog such as methoprene, kinoprene, and hydropene to the pest or pest-inhabited locus. An addnl. pesticide may be applied, and compns. may comprise the juvenile hormone analogs and a pesticidally acceptable carrier. Thus, female Homalodisca coagulata in diapause were sprayed until visibly wet with an aqueous methoprene solution and were then placed in a screened cage with males and glabrous soybean. The treated females remained reproductively inactive for ≥30 days in summer conditions (32°, 14:10 light:dark photoperiod), whereas control females began ovipositing after 10 days.

REFERENCE COUNT: 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CA COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 145:4312 CA Full-text

TITLE: Six Years after the Commercial Introduction of Bt
Maize in Spain: Field Evaluation, Impact and Future

Prospects

AUTHOR(S): Eizaguirre, Matilde; Albajes, Ramon; Lopez, Carmen;

Eras, Jordi; Lumbierres, Belen; Pons, Xavier

CORPORATE SOURCE: Centre UdL-IRTA, Centre UdL-IRTA, Universitat de

Lleida, Lleida, 25198, Spain

SOURCE: Transgenic Research (2006), 15(1), 1-12

CODEN: TRSEES; ISSN: 0962-8819

PUBLISHER: Springer
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

We carried out a 6-yr-field evaluation to assess potential hazards of growing Compa, a transgenic Bt maize variety based on the transformation event CG 00256-176. Two categories of hazards were investigated: the potential of the target corn borer Sesamia nonagrioides to evolve resistance to Bt maize and effects on non-target organisms. In order to address the first hazard, dispersal capacity of the corn borer was measured and our results indicated that larvae move to plants other than those onto which the female oviposited even to plants in adjacent rows - in remarkable nos. and they do so mostly at a mature age, suggesting that mixing Bt and non-Bt seeds in the same field would not be a very useful deployment strategy to delay/prevent resistance. In addition, adults move among fields to mate and males may do so for up to 400 m. Three different aspects of potential non-target effects were investigated: sub-lethal effects on the target S. nonagrioides, effects on non-target maize pests, and effects on maize-dwelling predators. Larvae collected in Bt fields at later growth stages, in which event 176 Bt maize expresses Bt toxin at sub-lethal concns., had longer dispause and postdiapause development than larvae collected in non-Bt fields, a feature that might lead to a certain isolation between populations in both type of fields and accelerate Bt resistance evolution. Transgenic maize did not have a neg. impact on non-target pests in the field; more aphids and leafhoppers but similar nos. of cutworms and wireworms were counted in Bt vs. non-Bt fields; in any case differences in damage or yield were recorded. We observed no difference in the nos. of the most relevant predators in fields containing transgenic or no transgenic maize.

REFERENCE COUNT: 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CA COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 110:168043 CA Full-text

TITLE: NC-170, a new compound inhibiting the development of

leafhoppers and planthoppers

AUTHOR(S): Miyake, T.; Kudo, M.; Umehara, T.; Hirata, K.;

Kawamura, Y.; Ogura, T.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Shiraoka Res. Stn. Biol. Sci., Nissan Chem. Ind. Ltd.,

Saitama, Japan

SOURCE: Brighton Crop Protection Conference--Pests and

Diseases (1988), (2), 535-42 CODEN: BCPDED; ISSN: 0955-1506

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB NC-170 (I) exhibits juvenile hormone (JH)-like activity and inhibits metamorphosis selectively against leafhoppers and planthoppers. Residues <1 mg/L inhibit insect development. Affected insects cannot complete their nymph to adult or ensuing first to second intermediate ecdysis, and subsequently die. Furthermore, this activity remains high for >40 days when NC-170 is sprayed on potted rice plants at 50 mg/L aqueous solution Thus, NC-170 may be of practical use against these important pests of paddy fields. NC-170 also has physiol. effects on pigment synthesis, reproduction, embryogenesis, diapause, and polymorphism.

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:43:25 ON 28 FEB 2008 E METHOPRENE L1 21 S E3
FILE 'CA, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:44:40 ON 28 FEB 2008
L2 2981 S L1
L3 2 S L1 AND (GLASSY WINGED SHARPSHOOTER)
L4 2 S L2 AND LEAFHOPPERS
E LEAFHOPPERS
L5 1070 S E3
L6 2 S L1 AND L5
L7 0 S L5 AND (JUVENILE HARMONE ANALOGS)
L8 10 S L5 AND (JUVENILE HORMONE ANALOG)
L9 5 DUP REM L8 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
E SHARPSHOOTERS
L10 33 S E3
L11 0 S L10 AND (JUVENILE HORMONE ANALOGS)
L12 2 S L5 AND METHOPRENE
L13 2 S L5 AND (KINOPRENE OR HYDROPENE)
L14 6 S L5 AND DIAPAUSE
L15 3 DUP REM L14 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> log Y COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST 111.84 120.12
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -6.00 -6.00
CA DODUCKIDEN INICE -0.00 -0.00

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 08:56:18 ON 28 FEB 2008